3

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1.	A method for operating a computer system comprising:
2		receiving in the system a description of a finite state machine including a temporal logic
3		condition; and
4		generating code for emulating the described finite state machine.
1	2.	The method of claim 1, wherein:
2		the received description comprises at least two state definitions and at least one definition
3		of a transition between states; and wherein
4		the received description comprises a conditional expression associated with a first state of
5		the finite state machine, the conditional expression comprising a first temporal logic
6		condition defined by a first temporal logic operator operating on an event, the
7		conditional expression defining a logical condition for taking a first action specified
8		in the description; and wherein
9		generating code for emulating the described finite state machine comprises generating
10		code for evaluating the conditional expression during emulation.
1	3.	The method of claim 2, wherein generating code for evaluating the conditional
2		expression comprises:
3		generating code for declaring a counter variable that is not otherwise specified in the
4		description of the finite state machine;
5		generating code for initializing the counter variable upon entry into said first state;
6		generating code for incrementing the counter variable when said first event occurs;
7		generating code for performing a first test associated with said first temporal logic
8		operator on the counter variable when said first state is active; and
9		generating code for taking a first specified action based on the result of said first test.
1	4.	The method of claim 3, wherein the conditional expression is part of a conditional action
2		expression in the definition of said first state, and wherein said first specified action is

defined in the conditional action expression.

12

2

1

test.

- 1 5. The method of claim 3, wherein the conditional expression is part of the definition of a transition from said first state to a second state and wherein said first specified action is 2 defined by said transition. 3
- 1 6. The method of claim 3, wherein the description of the finite state machine further comprises a second conditional expression associated with a second state of the finite 2 3 state machine, the second conditional expression comprising a second temporal logic condition defined by a second temporal logic operator operating on said event, the second conditional expression defining a logical condition for taking a second action specified in 5 the description and wherein generating code for emulating the finite state machine further 6 7 comprises: generating code for initializing the counter variable upon entry into said second state; 8 generating code for performing a second test associated with said second temporal logic operator on the counter variable when said second state is active; and 10 11 generating code for taking a second specified action based on the result of said second
  - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the description of a finite state machine is a graphical description.
- 8. The method of claim 2, wherein said first temporal logic operator operates on an event E 2 and a threshold T and is true when the event E has occurred at least T times during the current activation of said first state. 3
- 9. The method of claim 2, wherein said first temporal logic operator operates on an event E 1 2 and a threshold T and is true when the event E has occurred at less than T times during the current activation of said first state. 3
- 10. The method of claim 2, wherein said first temporal logic operator operates on an event E 1 2 and a threshold T and is true when the event E has occurred exactly T times during the current activation of said first state. 3

1

1	11. The method of claim 2, wherein said first temporal logic operator operates on an event E
2	and a threshold T and is true when the event E has occurred a positive integral multiple of
3	T times during the current activation of said first state.

- 1 12. The method of claim 7, wherein the graphical representation is a Stateflow® diagram.
- 1 13. The method of claim 7, wherein the conditional expression is part of a conditional action 2 expression which is graphically represented as a textual expression within a node 3 representing a state of the finite state machine.
- 1 14. The method of claim 7, wherein the conditional expression is part of the definition of a
  2 transition from said first state to a second state and the conditional expression is
  3 graphically represented as a textual expression that is proximate to a line connecting
  4 nodes representing the first and second states.
- 1 15. The method of claim 1, wherein the generated code is source code in human readable form.
- 1 16. A method for operating a computer system comprising:
  2 receiving in the system a description of a finite state machine including a temporal logic
  3 condition; and
- 4 emulating the described finite state machine.
  - 17. The method of claim 16, wherein
- the received description comprises at least two state definitions and at least one definition of a transition between states; and wherein
- the received description comprises a conditional expression associated with a first state of
  the finite state machine model, the conditional expression comprising a first
  temporal logic condition defined by a first temporal logic operator operating on an
  event, the conditional expression defining a logical condition for taking a first action
  specified in the model; and wherein

9	emulating the described finite state machine comprises evaluating the conditional
10	expression during emulation.
1	18. The method of claim 17, wherein the emulating step further comprises:
2	allocating a counter variable that is not otherwise specified in the description of the finite
3	state machine model;
4	initializing the counter variable upon entry into said first state;
5	incrementing the counter variable when said first event occurs;
6	performing a first test associated with said first temporal logic operator on the counter
7	variable when said first state is active; and
8	taking a first specified action based on the result of said first test.
1	19. A computer programming system, comprising:
2	means for receiving in the system a description of a finite state machine including a
3	temporal logic condition; and
4	means for generating code for emulating the described finite state machine.
1	20. A computer programming system comprising:
2	means for receiving in the system a description of a finite state machine including a
3	temporal logic condition; and
4	means for emulating the described finite state machine.
1	21. A computer programming system, comprising:
2	a graphical user interface for receiving in the system a description of a finite state
3	machine including a temporal logic condition; and
4	a code generator for generating code for emulating the finite state machine.
1	22. A computer programming system comprising:
2	a graphical user interface for receiving in the system a description of a finite state
3	machine including a temporal logic condition; and
4	an interpreter for interpreting the received description to emulate the finite state machine

1	23. A computer software product residing on a computer readable medium, the software
2	product comprising instructions for causing a computer system to:
3	receive in the system a description of a finite state machine including a temporal logic
4	condition; and
5	generate code for emulating the described finite state machine.
1	24. A computer software product residing on a computer readable medium, the software
2	product comprising instructions for causing a computer system to:
3	receive in the system a description of a finite state machine including a temporal logic
4	condition; and
5	emulate the described finite state machine.
1	25. A computer programming system comprising:
2	a central processing unit;
3	a mass storage subsystem;
4	a program editor capable of receiving from a user a description of a finite state machine
5	including a temporal logic condition and storing the description on the mass storage
6	subsystem;
7	a code generator capable of receiving the stored description and generating code for
8	emulating the described finite state machine.
1	26. A computer programming system comprising:
2	a central processing unit;
3	a mass storage subsystem;
4	a program editor capable of receiving from a user a description of a finite state machine
5	including a temporal logic condition and storing the description on the mass storage
6	subsystem;
7	an emulator capable of receiving the stored description and emulating the described finite
8	state machine.